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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/892,211	06/25/2001	Guy A. Story	2541P007C	2684
8791 7	7590 03/29/2004	•	EXAMINER	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN			DINH, DUNG C	
	IRE BOULEVARD, SEVE ES. CA 90025	NIH FLOOK	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2153	10
			DATE MAILED: 03/29/2004	$\psi$

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Cumment	09/892,211	STORY ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
The MAN INC DATE of this communication con	Dung Dinh	2153
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
<ul> <li>1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 Section 2a) This action is FINAL.</li> <li>2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under Expression 2 section 2 section 2 section 2 section 3 section 2 section 2 section 2 section 2 section 2 section 3 section 2 secti</li></ul>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 32-71 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 32-71 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the l drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sec ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3.5.	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:	

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#### DETAILED ACTION

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 65-67 and 71 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hooper et al. US patent 5,442,390.

As per claims 65 and 71, Hooper teaches a playback device comprising a memory to store digital content [col.2 line 2 memory buffer]; circuitry to maintain multiple content counters [col.2 line 5 write pointer and read pointer] indicating current location of consumption for digital content [col.2 lines 7-25].

As per claim 66, Hooper teaches digital content is updated based at least in part on the content counters [col.2 lines 7-17].

As per claim 67, Hooper teaches the playback device comprises an interface to receive digital content from a remote source [fig.12 interface 801].

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Claims 32, 34, 68-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fernandez US patent 4,855,725.

As per claims 32, 34, and 68-69, Fernandez teaches a method for providing personalized media comprising:

retrieving digital media content and storing the media content for subsequent playback (col.2 lines 27-42 - the process of creating a CD ROM database);

storing a subset of the media content in a playback device (CD book), wherein the subset of media is automatically selected to update consumed media content (see col. 7 lines 35-61). It is inherent that the content is no longer than a predetermined playback time in order to fit in the memory of the playback device.

Claim 71 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fernandez US patent 4,855,725.

As per claim 70, Fernandez teaches a playback device comprising a memory (col. 7 line 6 - RAM 46) for storing digital content; circuitry coupled to the memory to maintain content counter, wherein the content counter indicates a current location of consumption for the digital content (apparent from col.7 lines 35-47 in order for the user to page back and forth).

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 33, 40-64, 70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fernandez US patent 4,855,725.

As per claim 40, Fernandez teaches a method for providing personalized media comprising:

retrieving digital media content and storing the media content for subsequent playback (col.2 lines 27-42 - the process of creating a CD ROM database);

storing a subset of the media content in a playback device (CD book), wherein the subset of media is automatically selected to update consumed media content (see col. 7 lines 35-61).

Fernandez does not specifically disclose replacing consumed media according to a user predetermined specifications.

Fernandez discloses the choice for replacing content is one of design and can vary with implementations (col.7 lines 55-60).

Hence, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in

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the art to provide a user determined specification for replacement of consumed media because it would have enabled the user to customize the behavior of the system to meet his preference.

As per claims 33, it is rejected under similar rationale as for claim 40 above.

As per claims 41, Fernandez does not specifically disclose the content being dynamic audio content. The type and format of the content clearly would have been a matter of design choice. It is well known in the art to replace dynamic content with most recent data. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to replace changing content with the most recent data because it would have enable the user to have data that is current.

As per claim 42, it is apparent in the system as modified that the segment is selectable by the user.

As per claim 43, Fernandez teaches determining segment length and media content and storing the selected segment (col.7 lines 25-27 - preceding 5 pages and 15 succeeding pages).

As per claim 44, Fernandez does not teach automatically storing the most recent segment. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to automatically store the most

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recent segment because it would have provided the user with the most up-to-date data.

As per claim 45, Fernandez teaches selecting a segment of the media content and storing in the playback device (col.7 line 5-7 - first 20 pages); determining an amount consumed and storing subsequence portion corresponding the amount consumed (col.7 lines 50-61).

As per claims 46-48, 52-56, they are rejected under similar rationale as for claims 40-45 above.

As per claim 57, it is rejected under similar rationale as for claims 40 above.

As per claims 58-64, whether the device is a dedicated audio device, a computer, or Internet terminal, and the type of storage used would clearly have been matters of design choice because the functionality of retrieving partial content for playback would have been functionally the same.

As per claim 70, it is rejected under similar rationale as for claim 40 above.

Claims 35-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Munyan US patent 5,761,485 and further in view of Kikisis US patent 5,727,159 and Fernandez US patent 4,855,725.

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As per claim 35, Munyan teaches a network comprising:

a server device (fig.1 #10) to store digital content and to provide the digital content to other devices on the network;

a playback device to store and to playback (fig.1 #1,
fig.2) digital content.

Munyan does not teach a retrieval device coupled to the server device. Mighdoll teaches providing a retrieval device (proxy) coupled to server devices for retrieving content on behalf of user devices such that it enable the system to improve transmission efficiency and latency in response to request from user devices (see abstract). Mighdoll teaches automatically update the content (col. 11 lines 50-60). Hence, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teaching of Mighdoll with Munyan because it would have improved the transmission efficiency and latency in providing content to the playback device.

Munyan does not teach the playback device stores a mostrecent episode of a series of digital content and to have the
digital content automatically updated from the server device
with subsequent episode to store on the playback device. In
similar field of invention, Fernandez teach to automatically
update the playback device to replace content consumed (col.7
lines 50-61). Hence, it would have been obvious for one of

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ordinary skill in the art to automatically update content on the playback device because it would have provided the user with updated and continuation of the content that the user is viewing.

As per claims 36-38, official notice is taken that server-push and client-pull technology to retrieve update data is well known at the time of the invention. The usage of server-push or client-pull would have been a matter of design choice. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to use any one or both methods so as to provide update content to the playback device.

As per claim 37, Mighdoll teaches the retrieval device automatically retrieve updated content from the server device (col. 11 lines 50-60).

As per claim 39, Fernandez teaches the update content and unconsumed content approximately equal the first content (apparent from col.7 lines 49-61).

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dung Dinh whose telephone number is (703) 305-9655. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 7:00 AM - 4:30 PM. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Friday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenton Burgess can be reached at (703) 305-4792.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group 2100 Customer Service whose telephone number is (703) 306-5631.

## Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, DC 20231

or faxed to: (703) 872-9306

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA, Fourth Floor (Receptionist).

Dung Dinh

Primary Examiner March 17, 2004

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